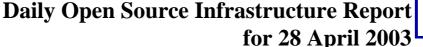
Department of Homeland Security Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection





Daily Overview

- The Cincinnati Business Courier reports Delta Air Lines CEO told the airline's annual shareholders meeting in New York on Friday that the odds may be against Delta returning to profitability and averting bankruptcy. (See item_8)
- The Associated Press reports environmental officials closed a Pennsylvania park after a ranger noticed that someone had tampered with the locks protecting its drinking water supply. (See item_15)
- CNET News.com reports a potentially critical vulnerability has been found in Cisco Systems' Secure Access Control Server for Windows servers, and a patch is available at the Cisco Website. (See item 19)
- IDG News Service reports Microsoft is revising a security patch for Windows XP systems with Service Pack 1 installed after customers complained that installing the patch slowed their systems down to a crawl. (See item 20)

DHS/IAIP Update Fast Jump

Production Industries: Energy; Chemical; Defense Industrial Base

Service Industries: Banking and Finance; Transportation; Postal and Shipping

Sustenance and Health: Agriculture; Food; Water; Public Health

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Other: General: DHS/IAIP Web Information

Energy Sector

Current Electricity Sector Threat Alert Levels: <u>Physical</u>: Elevated, <u>Cyber</u>: Elevated Scale: LOW, GUARDED, ELEVATED, HIGH, SEVERE [Source: ISAC for the Electricity Sector (ES-ISAC) – http://esisac.com]

1. April 25, New York Times — OPEC production cut is less than expected. The Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) surprised the oil market by announcing a smaller—than—expected reduction in output. Though OPEC said after an emergency meeting that it would cut back supply to bolster prices amid sluggish demand, it simultaneously raised

its official production ceiling to legitimize much of the excess output that members provided during the war in Iraq. Though oil prices fell after the announcement as traders concluded that supplies would not tighten as much as some had feared, the prices later rebounded. In New York, crude oil for June delivery fell one cent, to \$26.64 a barrel. OPEC said that it would reduce production to a temporary limit of 25.4 million barrels a day starting June 1. While the group said that would remove 2 million barrels a day from the world market, its estimate of current output of 27.4 million barrels a day is higher than outside experts' calculations. By June, OPEC members may have a clearer reading on when Iraqi exports, cut off from world markets by the war, will return.

Source: http://www.nytimes.com/2003/04/25/business/worldbusiness/250 IL.html?ex=105228365169bd187d

2. April 25, Government Computer News — Simulations help ensure nuclear safety, officials say. Energy Department scientists say complex software systems have shown the American stockpiles to be fully secure. On a daily basis, three Energy Department facilities—Los Alamos, Lawrence Livermore and Sandia national labs—run complicated simulations to study how the nuclear weapons would react under the stress of explosions, floods, fires or even accidental shootings. The sometimes weeks—long simulations, which officials wouldn't describe because they're classified, are to ensure the weapons don't produce nuclear yield, endangering either lab employees in the near term, or the public in the long term. "In every case, we have found the nuclear weapons stockpile to be very, very safe," said William Reed, acting director of the Office of Advanced Simulating and Computing at the DOE's National Nuclear Security Admini But not all procedures have asserted such positive results. Last week, the NNSA issued a Preliminary Notice of Violation to the University of California, which operates Los Alamos, for violating nuclear safety rules and procedures last September.

Source: http://www.gcn.com/vol1 no1/daily-updates/21897-1.html

3. April 24, Reuters — Ukraine says Chernobyl nuclear shield is safe. Ukrainian Foreign Minister Anatoly Zlenko on Thursday dismissed concerns about nuclear safety at the Chernobyl power plant, which documents released by security services showed had been a disaster waiting to happen. Ukraine closed Chernobyl in 2000, 14 years after it became the site of the world's worst nuclear accident, but fears remain about the state of a protective shield hastily thrown up after the accident to cover a gaping hole in one of its reactors. Russian Atomic Energy Minister Alexander Rumyantsev said this week the concrete "sarcophagus" was collapsing and needed reinforcement. He also said the concrete was **leaking radiation.** But Zlenko, on a visit to the Czech Republic two days before the 17th anniversary of the disaster, tried to dispel Russian concerns. "I do not think there is a big danger that it will collapse," he told reporters. Zlenko's remarks followed the release in Kiev of secret KGB archives on the accident, which showed the Soviet secret police knew the plant was dangerous long before the disaster. The 100-page dossier of secret correspondence between Moscow and Kiev released this week revealed that the Chernobyl plant, built in the 1970s, suffered 29 accidents between 1977 and 1981. Zlenko called for more money from Western nations to erect a new shield around the reactor and help complete construction of two new nuclear units.

Source: http://www.energycentral.com/sections/news/nw article.cfm?id =3796055

4. April 24, Inter Press Service (IPS/IMS) — Threat of power cuts likely to shape Japan's nuclear debate. Tokyo Electric Power Co (Tepco) closed its seventeenth and final nuclear power plant on Tuesday last week for safety inspections, a step that the company said in a statement was "in efforts to restore public trust". The reactors generate about 40 percent of the power requirements of Tokyo's metropolitan area, feeding more than 40 million households as well as important businesses and establishments that play a key role in Japan's politics and economy. A Tepco official said that if the reactors remain closed for some time, there could be a severe crunch during peak hours, when the demand for power can hit 64.5 million kilowatts at the height of summer. Meantime, the maintenance shutdown of the nuclear plants is re—igniting the debate between the proponents of nuclear power and anti–nuclear activists, who have been recently gaining ground in the energy debate. Thus far, nuclear power in Japan has been promoted as being pollution—free and a cheap, indispensable source for a country that is heavily dependent on oil imports. In fact, the government aims to have nuclear power providing 40 percent of the national electricity supply, but this has been slowed by public opposition.

Source: http://www.energycentral.com/sections/news/nw article.cfm?id =3796649

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Chemical Sector

Nothing to report.

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Defense Industrial Base Sector

5. April 25, Government Executive — Pentagon restructures management for chem-bio defense program. U.S. officials have approved a plan for a new management structure for the U.S. Chemical and Biological Defense Program, the Defense Department said Thursday. Various items such as protective equipment, chemical and biological agent detectors, decontamination equipment and medical countermeasures are acquired through the program, which would see the streamlining of a number of management positions and the strengthening of accountability for different program elements under the new plan, according to a Pentagon release. The naming of a new joint program executive officer is also planned. Dale Klein, assistant to the secretary of defense for nuclear, chemical and biological defense programs, and Anna Johnson-Winegar, deputy assistant to the secretary of defense for chemical and biological defense, will oversee the program. The science and technology areas of the program and its financial management will be handled by the Defense Threat Reduction Agency, the Defense Department said.

Source: http://www.govexec.com/dailyfed/0403/042503gsn1.htm

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Banking and Finance Sector

Nothing to report.

Transportation Sector

6. April 26, Associated Press — Amtrak president outlines plans to improve passenger rail service. Amtrak will renovate Civil War–era tunnels and replace overhead electrical wires installed when Franklin D. Roosevelt was president under a five–year upgrade plan announced today. The plan by Amtrak's president, David Gunn, ignores calls for eliminating some money–losing long–distance trains and would keep the nation's passenger railroad's high–speed service at existing levels. Amtrak came under pressure from Congress last year after announcing that 18 of the long–haul runs would be scrapped to save money. "If you're going to have any service left, this is what you're going to have to do," Gunn said of the plan presented to Amtrak's board on Thursday. "When it's done, we'll have a good railroad." Gunn said Amtrak needed twice the \$900 million President Bush wants to spend in 2004 to keep the trains running, but a spokesman for the Transportation Department, Leonardo Alcivar, said the department did not expect to ask Congress for more money. Alcivar was also skeptical of Gunn's plan.

Source: http://www.nytimes.com/2003/04/26/national/26AMTR.html?ex=10 524579375dd7c584

7. April 25, New York Times — Guidelines for truck drivers. The federal government issued new rules for truck drivers on Thursday to permit them to drive more hours in one stretch but require that drivers take off more time between shifts. In the first major revision of hours—of—service rules in 64 years, the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration will allow truck drivers to spend up to 11 straight hours behind the wheel, an increase of one hour from existing limits. The new rules will require drivers to take off at least 10 hours between shifts, a two—hour increase. Federal officials said the new rules would increase safety while saving money for trucking companies and the many corporations that use them. The rules angered the Teamsters, the nation's largest union of truck drivers, while largely pleasing the trucking industry. The rules, which take effect on Jan. 4, will reduce by one hour a driver's maximum workday, including driving, loading and unloading, making it 14 hours. But some safety experts criticized the new regulation for permitting truckers to work three additional hours after driving for 11 hours. For short—haul drivers, the regulations will permit a 16—hour day once a week.

Source: http://www.nytimes.com/2003/04/25/national/25TRUC.html?ex=10 522829900026ef70

8. April 25, Cincinnati Business Courier — Mullin: 'Odds may be against' Delta's future.

Delta Air Lines Inc. CEO Leo Mullin told the airline's annual shareholders meeting in New York Friday "the odds may be against" Delta returning to profitability and averting bankruptcy. "But we are not standing on the edge of bankruptcy and have the best shot at making it," Mullin said. Delta's shareholders met April 25 a day after American Airlines removed its CEO and signaled it may enter bankruptcy protection. News agencies reported American could enter Chapter 11 as soon as Friday. The meeting was at times emotional and contentious, with shareholders and Delta pilots repeatedly criticizing executive compensation, management severance packages and management's pensions. Mullin defended the company's compensation and retention policies as essential to keeping the company's

management team together. He credited the team for keeping the company out of bankruptcy. Mullin warned the shareholders Delta can only emerge from the most difficult economic environment in airline history if it get its costs in line with revenues. Source: http://cincinnati.bizjournals.com/cincinnati/stories/2003/04/21/daily56.html

9. April 25, The Miami Herald — Flight attendants OK deal, sparing American from Chapter 11. American Airlines' flight attendants Friday morning approved an enhanced package of concessions, allowing the company to avoid an immediate filing for bankruptcy reorganization. The company agreed to change a key provision of the agreement that had disturbed flight attendants from the outset. Flight attendants currently are paid based on the scheduled flight time, regardless of whether the flight arrives early. But under the previous concessions, the flight attendants would have lost that extra pay, while the pilots' deal allows them to retain theirs. Now, like the pilots, flight attendants will maintain a form of the current arrangement. "It was a major concern for flight attendant and we addressed it," said Rick Musica, Miami base vice chairman of the Association of Professional Flight Attendants. The union was the only holdout of the three labor groups for approval of a set of revised, shortened concessions. The flight attendants approved the package during a conference call that began at 9 a.m.

Source: http://www.miami.com/mld/miamiherald/5716403.htm

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Postal and Shipping Sector

10. April 25, Canadian Press — Anthrax suspicion forces ship into quarantine. Canadian health officials will investigate a possible case of anthrax after a crew member on an Egyptian ship bound for Quebec died of a suspicious bacterial infection. The Wadi Al Arab, a carrier registered in Egypt, was due to arrive today in Halifax, where it was to be quarantined and boarded by a team of infection specialists to determine if it is contaminated with the deadly disease. Health Canada officials said the 37,550-ton ship posed little risk to Canadians, but they plan to keep the vessel at least six kilometres offshore and will not allow anyone to disembark. Infectious—disease experts were on their way to Halifax to board the ship, which left Brazil 10 days ago after picking up cargo in the Amazon. The team will interview the crew, examine the ship, trace its route, and test for the bacteria as it tries to figure out how the unidentified man might have possibly been infected with the disease. Source: http://www.canoe.ca/LondonNews/lf.lf-04-25-0021.html

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Agriculture Sector

11. April 25, Reuters — New German measures as bird flu looms on border. Germany drew up an emergency plan on Friday to deal with bird flu, the avian virus which has decimated the Netherlands poultry industry, spread into Belgium and now hovers on the German border. "We continue to regard the bird flu events in the Netherlands and Belgium with great concern," German junior Agriculture and Consumer Protection Minister Alexander Mueller said in a

statement on Friday. "We must to everything to prevent the disease spreading." Any German farm with the disease will be quarantined and immediate slaughtering orders issued for their poultry, Mueller said. Quarantine zones will be set up around farms. As danger to humans from the disease cannot be ruled out, Mueller said additional regulations will be imposed on anyone involved in combating the disease in Germany. These include compulsory wearing of protective clothes and goggles, compulsory taking of anti-virus medication and compulsory influenza injections.

Source: http://www.alertnet.org/thenews/newsdesk/L25235610.htm

12. April 25, Casper Star Tribune — Disease-free by 2010 not attainable. An interagency committee's plan for the elimination of brucellosis in the Yellowstone region by 2010 is laudable but basically unachievable, a variety of speakers told federal and state officials during a panel Thursday. But Wyoming Gov. Dave Freudenthal said state and federal agencies could meet that 2010 goal with a renewed commitment and increased cooperative effort with the Greater Yellowstone Interagency Brucellosis Committee (GYIBC), which is working to eradicate the disease. The governor urged federal and state agencies to recommit to the GYIBC's original goals of protecting and sustaining free—ranging elk and bison herds in the Yellowstone area.

Source: http://www.casperstartribune.net/articles/2003/04/25/news/wyoming/a372d1d50af02ddba49c2afa78a317db.txt

13. April 24, Washington Post — Firm fined for spread of altered corn genes. The nation's leading seed company was fined \$72,000 yesterday for violating government requirements in testing experimental corn in Hawaii, the latest setback for a biotechnology industry struggling to comply with government rules. The Environmental Protection Agency imposed the fines on Pioneer Hi–Bred International Inc. of Iowa after the company failed to promptly notify the government of tests showing that genes from experimental corn had spread to other corn grown nearby. The incident, involving a minuscule amount of corn, occurred at a Pioneer test center on the island of Kauai, well removed from any commercial food or seed production. The company and the government said no unapproved corn variety had entered the nation's food system.

Source: http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-dvn/articles/A27846-2003Apr 23.html

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Food Sector

14. April 24, Reuters — CDC: some bacteria declining in food, others not. Foodborne illnesses caused by certain bacteria are on the decline in the U.S., but other bugs are still running rampant, according to a report released by the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). About 76 million people in the U.S. get sick each year from bacteria or other germs in food. The researchers compared 16,580 laboratory—confirmed cases of food poisoning, a tiny fraction of actual cases, from 2002 with those documented since 1996. Overall, they found that infections caused by major types of bacteria such as campylobacter, listeria, and yersinia have shown "substantial declines" over several years, according to the report. However, the numbers of people getting sick from foods tainted with salmonella, shigella, cryptosporidium and E. coli O157 have not ebbed.

Source: http://reuters.com/newsArticle.jhtml?type=healthNews=2626158

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Water Sector

15. April 25, Associated Press — State park closes after ranger notices tampering with water tank. Environmental officials closed a Pennsylvania park after a ranger noticed that someone had tampered with the locks protecting its drinking water supply. Several padlocks on Nockamixon State Park's 500,000—gallon water tank had been undone, including one on the tank's gate, one on its ladder, and two on its hatch, officials said. The Department of Conservation and Natural Resources shut off the tank and closed the park, about 35 miles north of Philadelphia, within two hours of the discovery Wednesday. The 5,286—acre park remained closed Thursday pending tests to determine whether someone had put anything in the water, said department spokeswoman Gretchen Leslie. "Our hope is to have the park open again by the weekend," she said.

Source: http://pennlive.com/newsflash/pa/index.ssf?/newsflash/get_st orv.ssf?/cgi-free/getstory ssf.cgi?d0004 BC PA--ParkShutdown pennsylvania

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Public Health Sector

- 16. April 25, Financial Times WHO may ease travel warnings on SARS areas. World Health Organization (WHO) travel restrictions to some areas affected by Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) may be eased "piecemeal" over the next few weeks, as the world learns to live with the virus, according to a senior WHO official. Hong Kong, Canada, and Vietnam are likely to be first and China the last to benefit, said Dr Mark Salter, co-ordinator of the WHO Clinical Management Group, at an airline meeting in Thailand. Dr Salter warned that the number of SARS deaths in Hong Kong and elsewhere in Asia was certain to rise as some intensive care patients succumbed to the virus. But the reality, he said, was that the virus was better understood and now more likely to be contained than when it swept the world earlier this year. He said the world should learn to live with a virus that was serious but not hugely infectious, and may already have become part of our environment. Source: http://news.ft.com/servlet/ContentServer?pagename=FT.com/StoryFT/FullStory48314005046/a>
- 17. April 25, CNN Mass quarantine in Beijing over SARS. Struggling to contain the rapid spread of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS), Chinese officials Friday ordered 4,000 Beijing residents to stay at home under quarantine, anyone who might have had "intimate contact" with someone suspected of infection. Beijing, with 12 million residents, accounts for than half of the reported new SARS cases and deaths in China. Since the epidemic began, at least 42 Beijing residents have died of SARS and 877 have come down with it. Earlier this week, Beijing decreed it would quarantine people or public places suspected of SARS infection, invoking emergency powers. "We will absolutely not let a single SARS case slip by," declared Beijing spokesman Cai Fuchao.

Source: http://www.cnn.com/2003/HEALTH/04/25/sars/

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Government Sector

18. April 25, Government Executive — Homeland department to accept some immigration forms online. The Homeland Security Department announced on Friday that it soon will begin accepting two application forms via the Internet. The department's Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services announced that beginning May 29, it will allow people to electronically submit applications to renew or replace "green cards" and submit the form for employment authorization. The bureau will collect biometrics information for applicants who wish to file electronically as a way to verify their identities. That information will be collected before electronic forms are submitted. The bureau plans to phase in e–filing services for other immigration documents and applications but chose to begin with those two types applications because they represent about 30 percent of the total the agency receives annually.

Source: http://www.govexec.com/dailyfed/0403/042503td1.htm

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Emergency Services Sector

Nothing to report. [Return to top]

Information and Telecommunications Sector

19. April 24, CNET News.com — Cisco flaw exposes Windows servers. A potentially critical vulnerability has been found in Cisco Systems' Secure Access Control Server for Windows servers, which is used to control devices such as routers in large networks. The buffer overflow glitch may allow an attacker to seize control of the Cisco service when it's running on Windows, according to Cisco. The Unix variant is not affected. Exploitation of the flaw could result in a malicious hacker gaining full control of a target company's security infrastructure, leaving it completely exposed. An exploit for the vulnerability is not known to be circulating, and ACS servers are usually deployed on network segments with limited physical access. Administrators of ACS systems block TCP port 2002 until they can deploy Cisco's fix. A patch is available at the Cisco Website:

http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20030423-ACS.s html.

Source: http://news.com.com/2100-1002-998160.html?tag=fd_top

20. April 24, IDG News Service — Microsoft fixing patch that can slow Windows XP.

Microsoft is revising a security patch for Windows XP systems with Service Pack 1 installed after customers complained that installing the patch slowed their systems down to a crawl. Removing the patch brings system speed back to normal. Originally released on April 16, Security Bulletin MS03–013 addressed a buffer overrun vulnerability in the Windows

kernel, which manages core services for the operating system such as allocating processor time and memory, as well as error handling. Microsoft is working on a revised patch which will be re—issued when it has been completed and fully tested. Microsoft said that customers running Windows XP Service Pack 1 should still consider applying the flawed patch as protection until a new version is released. The revised bulletin is available at the Microsoft Website: http://www.microsoft.com/technet/treeview/default.asp?url=/technet/security/bulletin/MS03-013.asp.

Source: http://www.nwfusion.com/news/2003/0424micropulls.html

21. April 24, Government Computer News — NCS expands coverage for Wireless Priority Service. The National Communications System (NCS) has expanded coverage for its Wireless Priority Service (WPS) for cellular phone users into the western and northeastern continental United States and Hawaii. WPS is the cellular equivalent of the Government Emergency Telecommunications Service, which provides priority wireline telephone service to national security and emergency service personnel during emergencies. Authorized users in federal, state and local government and key private infrastructure organizations can go to the head of the queue for an open cellular channel when a WPS prefix is dialed with a number, increasing the chances of completing a call during times of congestion.

Source: http://www.gcn.com/vol1 nol/daily-updates/21859-1.html

Current Alert Levels SECURITY SI Security Focus ThreatCon ALERTCON AlertCon: 1 out of 4 https://gtoc.iss.net Security Focus ThreatCon: 1 out of 4 **Current Virus and Port Attacks** Virus: #1 Virus in the United States: **WORM LOVGATE.F** Source: http://wtc.trendmicro.com/wtc/wmap.html, Trend World Micro Virus Tracking Center [Infected Computers, North America, Past 24 hours, #1 in United States] Top 10 Target Ports 137 (netbios–ns), 80 (www), 1434 (ms–sql–m), 445 (microsoft–ds), 7088 (–––), 25 (smtp), 139 (netbios-ssn), 113 (ident), 4662 (eDonkey2000), 6346 (gnutella-svc) Source: http://isc.incidents.org/top10.html; Internet Storm Center

Internet Alert Dashboard

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General Sector

22. April 27, Associated Press — Bomb injures 11 at Indonesia airport. A bomb ripped through a crowded terminal at Jakarta's main airport Sunday, wounding 11 people and sending hundreds of passengers fleeing from the building. One of the wounded was seriously injured in the explosion, which occurred between a Kentucky Fried Chicken outlet and a ticket counter for Indonesia's national carrier, Garuda. It sent shards of broken window glass flying and tossed rows of chairs across the terminal. The attack comes as the U.S. government is allowing the families of its embassy staff to return to Jakarta, the capital. The State Department pulled employees and their dependents out of the country after the Bali nightclub bombings in October. No one claimed responsibility for the early morning bombing at the airport, the second attack in the capital in four days, said Police Chief Gen. Da'i Bachtiar. Indonesia Security Minister Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono told the state news agency Antara that he believed the blast was the work of Free Aceh Movement, which has been fighting a 26-year war with the government.

Source: http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-dyn/articles/A43777-2003Apr 27.html

- 23. April 25, New York Times Treasury Dept. studies possibility Iraq hoard is counterfeit. The Secret Service has sent a team of agents to the Persian Gulf region to look into suspicions that some of the more than \$600 million in cash found by American troops in Baghdad behind palace walls and at other sites might be counterfeit, government officials said on Thursday. An initial examination of the money by the Secret Service suggests that it is authentic, the officials said. But they said that examination involved only a small sample of the many boxloads of hundred-dollar bills that had been recovered by American troops in Iraq in recent days and flown to a secure warehouse in Kuwait. "We do have agents in the region that are working with the military to assist them and identify the seized money," said John Gill, a Secret Service spokesman. "We'll be conducting a more detailed and thorough examination." The discovery of the vast sums of hidden cash is being described by experts inside and outside the United States government as one of the most intriguing finds since Saddam Hussein's government fell. Regardless of whether the money is authentic, the fact that it was hidden so well and found in relatively small denominations suggests that it is highly suspicious in origin, current and former government officials said. Source: http://www.nytimes.com/2003/04/25/international/worldspecial/25DOLL.html
- 24. April 25, New York Times Saudis withdraw Berlin diplomat after Germans cite possible militant link. Saudi Arabia withdrew a diplomat from its embassy here last month after German officials raised questions with the Saudi government about contacts he may have had with a group of Islamic militants currently under investigation for terrorism, German and Saudi officials said. German police are examining whether Mohamed J. Fakihi, the director of the Islamic Affairs Department for the Saudi Embassy in Berlin, had ties to six men they detained last month, the officials said. German authorities described those arrests as pre-emptive, after they received information that the men might be planning attacks to coincide with the opening of the Iraq war. German prosecutors have charged that the six men belonged to an organization working to recruit Arab students in Germany for terrorist activities. Prosecutors stressed that Fakihi is not under investigation, and in any case he would enjoy diplomatic immunity. But the incident is likely to heighten concerns expressed by American officials that elements within the Saudi government have supported the aims of terrorist groups, including al Qaeda, and may have helped funnel money to them.

 Source: http://www.nytimes.com/2003/04/25/international/middleeast/2 5TERR.html

25. April 25, Washington Post — U.S. has not inspected Iraqi nuclear facility. Nearly three weeks after U.S. forces reached Iraq's most important nuclear facility, the Bush administration has yet to begin an assessment of whether tons of radioactive material there remain intact, according to military officials here and in Washington. Before the war began last month, the vast Tuwaitha Nuclear Research Center held 3,896 pounds of partially enriched uranium, more than 94 tons of natural uranium and smaller quantities of cesium, cobalt and strontium, according to reports compiled through the 1990s by inspectors from the International Atomic Energy Agency. Immensely valuable on the international black market, the uranium was in a form suitable for further enrichment to "weapons grade," the core of a nuclear device. Defense officials acknowledge that the U.S. government has no idea whether any of Tuwaitha's potentially deadly contents have been stolen, because it has not dispatched investigators to appraise the site. What it does know, according to officials at the Pentagon and U.S. Central Command, is that the sprawling campus, 11 miles south of Baghdad, lay unguarded for days and that looters made their way inside.

Source: http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-dyn/articles/A35498-2003Apr 24.html

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DHS/IAIP Products & Contact Information

The Department of Homeland Security's Information Analysis and Infrastructure Protection (IAIP) serves as a national critical infrastructure threat assessment, warning, vulnerability entity. The IAIP provides a range of bulletins and advisories of interest to information system security and professionals and those involved in protecting public and private infrastructures. By visiting the IAIP web–site (http://www.nipc.gov), one can quickly access any of the following DHS/IAIP products:

<u>DHS/IAIP Warnings</u> – DHS/IAIP Assessements, Advisories, and Alerts: DHS/IAIP produces three levels of infrastructure warnings. Collectively, these threat warning products will be based on material that is significant, credible, timely, and that address cyber and/or infrastructure dimensions with possibly significant impact.

<u>DHS/IAIP Publications</u> – DHS/IAIP Daily Reports, CyberNotes, Information Bulletins, and other publications

<u>DHS/IAIP Daily Reports Archive</u> – Access past DHS/IAIP Daily Open Source Infrastructure Reports

DHS/IAIP Daily Open Source Infrastructure Report Contact Information

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Suggestions: 202–324–1129

Distribution Information Send mail to nipcdailyadmin@mail.nipc.osis.gov for more information.

Contact DHS/IAIP

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